		(Original Signature of Member)
118TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION	H.R.	

To require fair shipping prices for non-contiguous areas of the United States, and for other purposes.

## IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Mr.	Case introduced th	e following bi	ill; which	was refer	red to the	Committee
	on _					

## A BILL

To require fair shipping prices for non-contiguous areas of the United States, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Fair Shipping for Non-
- 5 Contiguous Areas Act of 2023".
- 6 SEC. 2. PROHIBITION ON HIGHER SHIPPING FEES.
- 7 No private shipping service may exceed the shipping
- 8 charge for the same product to and from a location in
- 9 the contiguous Unites States as charged to a consumer

1	product or producer good to the non-contiguous area of
2	
_	the United States.
3	SEC. 3. PROHIBITION ON EXCLUDING NON-CONTIGUOUS
4	AREAS.
5	No private shipping service may exclude—
6	(1) a non-contiguous area of the United States
7	from its shipping polices; or
8	(2) a non-contiguous area of the United States
9	from shipping to its location.
10	SEC. 4. EXEMPTIONS.
11	(a) USPS Exempted.—The United States Postal
12	Service shall be exempt from the requirements of this Act.
13	(b) OTHER EXEMPTIONS.—Any consumer product or
14	producer good valued at more than $$10,000$ shall be ex-
15	empt from the requirements of this Act.
16	SEC. 5. DEFINITIONS.
17	In this Act:
18	(1) Non-contiguous area.—The term "non-
19	contiguous area" means any part of the United
20	States not physically connected to the contiguous
21	United States, including Alaska and Hawaii and any
22	territory or possession of the United States.
23	(2) Contiguous united states.—The term
24	"contiguous United States" shall refer to the 48
25	contiguous States and the District of Columbia.

1	(3) Private shipping services.—The term
2	"private shipping services" means shipping services
3	carried out by private companies whose primary
4	business model is the transporting of products for
5	retailers.
6	(4) Consumer products.—The term "con-
7	sumer products" means the finished commodities for
8	end-user use that will go directly to the consumer.
9	(5) PRODUCER GOODS.—The term "producer
10	goods" means raw materials used to produce other
11	products.